



OpenSolaris ARM Port and its future

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Agenda

- Introduction
- OpenSolaris ARM Port
 - Technical Details
 - Try the arm port – howto
 - Developing applications
- Future
 - Possible Use cases
 - Community Involvement
- Latest Developments
- Conclusion

OpenSolaris

○ `<showoff>`

The Most Powerful, Stable and Secure - Advanced Enterprise Operating System on the Planet!!!

`</showoff>`

○ From Server to handhelds:

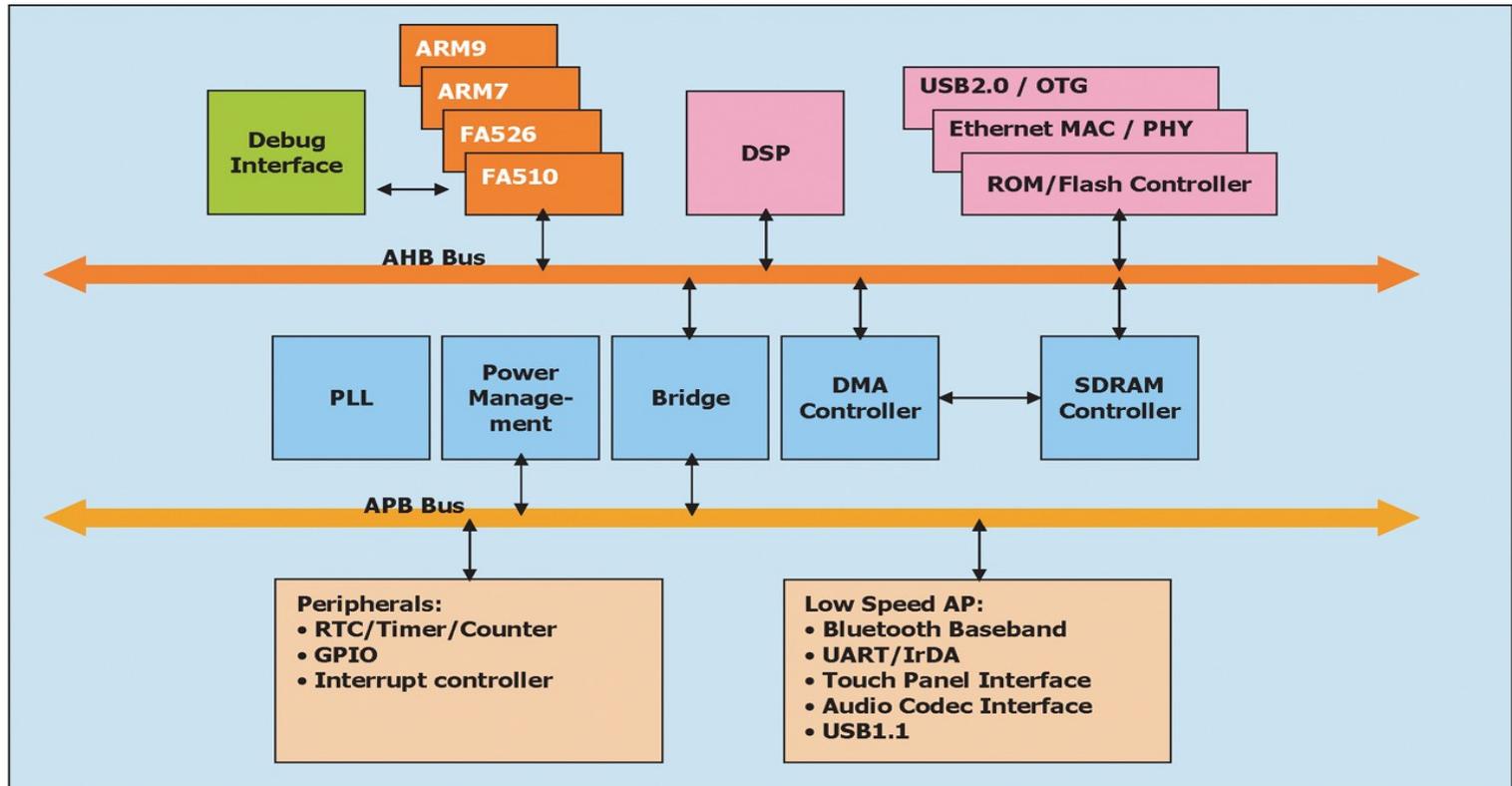
- Fully pre-emptive and multi-threaded kernel.
- Real time capabilities.
- Highly configurable and modular kernel.
- Opensource and backed up by huge software base.

ARM Architecture

- 32bit RISC
- Perfectly suitable for Embedded Devices
 - Low power consumption
 - Great code density
 - 3 instruction sets to select from:
 - Normal 32 bit ARM Instruction set
 - 16bit THUMB instruction set (Code density)
 - JAZELLE(JAVA byte code on hardware)
 - Instruction and data caches and Instruction pipelining
 - MMU and MPU

ARM Architecture(Contd...)

○ System on Chip (SOC)



OpenSolaris on ARM

- Announced on June/08/2009
- Based on OpenSolaris 2008.05 build 86
- Ported to NEC NaviEngine 1
 - ARM architecture v6K (MPCore)
- Also comes with QEMU patch for NE1
- Source code maintained in mercurial repository
- Designed and Implemented with out breaking Solaris build conventions

ARM Port: Notable Changes

- 460 new files added, 1225 files changed (approximately)
- Changes both in Kernel and Userland
- ZFS for embedded devices: CZFS
- Statically linked kernel which includes genunix, unix and device drivers

ARM Port: kernel Changes

○ usr/src/uts/arm

- ARM specific architecture independent code
- Generic modules in kernel

○ usr/src/uts/armpf

- ARM specific architecture dependent code
- Boot code, interrupt handling, memory management

○ usr/src/uts/ne1

- Board specific code
- Board specific device drivers

ARM Port: Userland changes

○ Libraries

- `usr/src/lib/*/arm`
- Libraries which have architectural dependencies – `libc`, `libdev*`

○ Commands

- `usr/src/cmd/*/arm`
- Few commands like `devfsadm` which have architecture specific code

○ ARM specific changes for syscall handling

- Software interrupt `'swi $SYS_num'`

CZFS

- Compact ZFS for Embedded devices
- Most bulky data structures compacted
 - Blkptr, dnode_phys etc
- Changes in Transaction semantics
- On-disk format compacted
- Two new commands
 - czfs – managing filesystems
 - czpool – managing pools
- ZFS and CZFS are incompatible
- ZFS is also supported!

ARM Port: Getting your hands dirty!

- Build and Install Tool Chain
- Build OpenSolaris using the the Tool Chain
- Flash the image:
 - on NE1 or
 - Patch the Qemu for NE1 support
- Boot OpenSolaris!
- Build custom applications and include it in the image.

ARM Tool chain

- GNU binutils 2.18 with solaris patch
- C Runtime Library – newlib 1.17.0
- GCC 4.1.1 with solaris patch
- QEMU 0.9.1 with NE1 patch

Building the Tool chain

- Onetime process
 - Tool chain built and installed into `/opt/arm-eabi`
- Two step building process
 - GCC cross compiler is built with newlib C runtime library
 - SUN libc and libm are compiled with above cross compiler
 - GCC is again compiled with SUN C runtime libraries.

Build OpenSolaris

- Similar to normal builds
- Set up the environment
 - `./initenv.sh`
 - `./usr/src/tools/scripts/bldenv.sh -d opensolaris-arm.sh`
- Issue the build
 - `dmake setup; dmake clean; dmake install`
- Depending on the hardware, build process is time consuming as normal opensolaris builds

Finally..

- Image layout as expected by NE1
 - Three parts
 - Statically linked kernel image
 - Root filesystem image
 - Boot loader - uboot
- Building rootfs
 - Builds a ufs image of root filesystem with all the required files and binaries
 - `usr/src/qemu/rdimage/Makefile`

Trying it out

- Two Possibilities – NE1 board or Qemu
- NE1 Board
 - Uboot is already present
 - Flash the kernel and rootfs into NE1 flash memory using flashing tools
 - Power on!
- Patched Qemu
 - Qemu emulates the bootloader
 - Specify the location of kernel and rootfs image while invoking qemu

Developing Applications

- Copy proto area of fully built gate to /opt/arm-eabi/root
- Compile using the Tool chain
- Decide what all files and binaries to be in the root filesystem
- Add the entries of files in the corresponding configuration files
 - usr/src/qemu/rdimage/filelist/*
- Rebuild the rootfs and invoke Qemu

Trying out CZFS

- Hurdle
 - Qemu NE1 emulator doesn't support IDE/SATA
- Still, CZFS can be tried out
 - Use files for zfs storage pool
- Some code editing (patching) needed
 - Increase NE1 memory to 512mb
 - Change swap size from 2mb to unlimited
 - Allow czfs to use files as the storage medium
- Create files in /tmp
- Use czpool/czfs as you use zpool/zfs

Trying out CZFS(Contd...)

usr/src/uts/ne1/sys/platform_mach.h:

```
-#define ARMMACH_SDRAM0_SIZE  UINT32_C(0x08000000) /* 128MB */
-#define ARMMACH_SDRAM1_PADDR  UINT32_C(0x88000000)
-#define ARMMACH_SDRAM1_SIZE   UINT32_C(0x08000000) /* 128MB */
+#define ARMMACH_SDRAM0_SIZE   UINT32_C(0x10000000) /* 256MB */
+#define ARMMACH_SDRAM1_PADDR  UINT32_C(0x90000000)
+#define ARMMACH_SDRAM1_SIZE   UINT32_C(0x10000000) /* 256MB */
```

usr/src/uts/arm/tune/modtune:

```
option int VFS_TMP_SIZE
{
-   default:    2048;
+   default:    0;
```

usr/src/uts/ne1/czfs/modtune:

```
option boolean CZFS_NO_UFSFILE
{
-   default:    true;
+   default:    false;
```

usr/src/qemu/qemu-0.9.1/hw/naviengine.c:

```
-#define NE1_DDR2_SIZE      0x10000000 /* 256MB */
+#define NE1_DDR2_SIZE      0x20000000 /* 512MB */
```

usr/src/qemu/ne1/ne1.sh:

```
-MEMSIZE=320      # DRAM:256MB + NORFLASH:64MB
+MEMSIZE=576      # DRAM:512MB + NORFLASH:64MB
```

PATCH
for trying out czfs on qemu

ARM Port: Future

- Only one supported device.
 - Needs to be ported to various well known ARM devices
- Only basic functionality available
 - More software stack needs to be ported
 - Mostly, its a matter of recompilation
- No Windowing system
 - Possible candidates for easy porting: xfce4, icewm, ...
- Highly desired: Well maintained IPS repo for ARM packages!

Use case: Openmoko Neo freerunner



Use case: Openmoko Neo freerunner

- GSM mobile running on 100% FOSS
- Famous toy among Unix Geeks!
- Porting steps:
 - Base device drivers: Interrupt controller, timer, display, ...
 - GSM stack
 - User interface
 - Bluetooth???

Use case: ARM Netbooks

- Great Opportunity!
- ARM netbooks are starting to ship with linux OS pre installed
- Porting seems to be much simpler
 - Device drivers
 - Windowing System
- Proof of concept showing Opensolaris in all its majesty!

Community Involvement

- Support different ARM processor families
- Identify ARM devices
- Build and maintain an ARM IPS repo
- Test
- Build a good user base
- And finally - Evangelise!!!!

Latest Developments

- New ARM dev branch which is being synced with opensolaris 2010.02
- Currently synced with b111 rev 9063
- Maintained as a separate mercurial repository - onarm-dev
- No enhancements except the syncing with latest bits
- Not well tested

ARM Port : Some complaints...

- Not all the features are ported:
 - SMF, Zones, NFS, Kerberos
- Based on very old code base
- Certain code level hard coding based on the board NE1
- Less (Zero) Community involvement during development
- Mailing list needs more energy!

References

- Project Website :
 - <http://opensolaris.org/os/project/osarm/>
- Release Notes:
 - <http://opensolaris.org/os/project/osarm/200805/relnotes/>
- Install guide:
 - <http://opensolaris.org/os/project/osarm/200805/installation/>
- ARM:
 - <http://arm.com/>
- NEC NaviEngine1:
 - <http://www.nec.co.jp/techrep/en/journal/g07/n04/070409.html>
- ARM repository access:
 - hg clone <ssh://anon@hg.opensolaris.org/hg/osarm/onarm-gate>
- ARM development repository access:
 - hg clone <ssh://anon@hg.opensolaris.org/hg/osarm/onarm-dev>
- Mailing List:
 - osarm-dev@opensolaris.org

Q&A





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