SUMMARY OF STATE "NET METERING" PROGRAMS (CURRENT)

State	Eligible Fuel Types	Eligible Customers	Limit on System Size	Limit on Overall Enrollment	Treatment of Net Excess Generation (NEG)(1)	Enacted	Citation / Reference
Arizona	Renewables & cogeneration	All customer classes	≤ 100 kW	None	NEG purchased at avoided cost	1981	AZ Corp. Comm. Decision No. 52345
California	Solar and Wind	Residential and small commercial customers	≤ 10 kW	0.1% of 1996 peak demand	Net metering customers are billed annually; excess generation is granted to the utility	1998	CA Public Utilities Code § 2827
Colorado	All resources	All customers	≤ 10 kW	None	NEG carried over month-to-month	1994	Public Service Co. of CO, Advice Letter 1265; Decision C96-901
Connecticut	Solar, wind, hydro, fuel cell, sustainable biomass	Residential only	No limit	None	Not specified	1998	CT Legislature, Public Act 98-28
Delaware	Renewables	All customer classes	≤ 25 kW	None	Not specified	1999	DE Legislature, S Amend 1 to HB 10
Idaho	Renewables & cogeneration	Idaho Power only; residential and small commercial customers	≤ 100 kW	None	NEG purchased at avoided cost	1980	ID PUC Orders No. 16025 (1980); 26750 (1997)
Illinois	Solar and wind	ComEd only; all customer classes	< 40 kW	0.1% of annual peak demand	NEG purchased at avoided cost	1999	Special billing experiment (effective 4/1/00)
Indiana	Renewables & cogeneration	All customer classes	≤ 1,000 kWh/month	None	No purchase of NEG; excess is granted to the utility.	1985	170 IN Admin Code § 4-4.1-7
lowa	Renewables	All customer classes	No limit	None	NEG purchased at avoided cost	1983	IA Legislature & IA Utilities Board, Utilities Division Rules § 15.11(5)
Maine	Renewables, fuel cells & recycled municipal solid waste	All customer classes	≤ 100 kW	None	NEG carried over month-to-month; any residual NEG at end of 12-month period is eliminated w/o compensation	1998	Code Me. R. Ch. § 313 (1998); see also Order No. 98-621 (December 19, 1998).
Maryland	Solar only	Residential customers & schools	≤ 80 kW	0.2% of 1998 peak demand	NEG carried over to following month; otherwise not specified	1997	MD Legislature, Art. 78, Sec. 54M
Massachusetts	Renewables & cogeneration	All customer classes	≤ 60 kW	None	NEG purchased at avoided cost	1997	Mass. Gen. L. ch. 164, § 1G(g); Dept. of Tel. & Energy 97-111
Minnesota	Renewables & cogeneration	All customer classes	< 40 kW	None	NEG purchased at "average retail utility energy rate"	1983	Minn. Stat. § 261B.164(3)
Montana	Solar, wind or hydro	All customer classes	≤ 50 kW	None	NEG credited to following month; unused credit is granted to utility at end of 12-month period	1999	S.B. 409
Nevada	Solar and wind	All customer classes	≤ 10 kW	100 customers for each utility	Annualization allowed; no compensation required for NEG	1997	Nev. Rev. S. Ch. 704
New Hampshire	Solar, wind & hydro	All customer classes	≤ 25 kW	0.05% of annual peak	NEG carried over to following month	1998	NH Rev. Stat. §§362A:1-a & 362-A:9
New Jersey	Photovoltaic and wind	Residential and small commercial customers	No limit (100 kW limit proposed)	0.1% of peak or \$2,000,000 annual financial impact	NEG credited to following month; unused credit is purchased at avoided cost.	1999	NJ Legislature, S.B. 7
New Mexico	Renewables & cogeneration	All customer classes	≤ 10 kW	None	At utility's option, customer is credited on the next bill for (1) purchase of NEG at utility's avoided cost; or (2) kilowatthour credit for NEG that carries over from month to month.	1999	NM PRC Order 2847 (9/7/99), amending previous Order from 11/30/98
New York	Solar only	Residential only	≤ 10 kW	0.1% of 1996 peak	NEG credited to following month; unused credit is purchased at avoided cost	1997	NY Public Service Law § 66-j
North Dakota	Renewables & cogeneration	All customer classes	≤ 100 kW	None	NEG purchased at avoided cost	1991	ND Admin. Code § 69-09-07-09
Ohio	Solar, wind, biomass, landfill gas, hydro, microturbines, or fuel cells	All customer classes	No limit	1.0% of peak demand for each retail electric provider	NEG purchased at unbundled generation rate, appears as credit on following bill	1999	S.B. 3 (effective 10/6/99)
Oklahoma	Renewables & cogeneration	All customer classes	≤ 100 kW <u>and</u> annual output ≤ 25,000 kWh	None	No purchase of NEG; excess is granted to the utility.	1990	OK Corp. Comm. Schedule QF-2
Oregon	Solar, wind, fuel cell and hydro	All customer classes	≤ 25 kW	No less than 0.5% of utility's historic single-hour peak load; beyond 0.5% eligibility can be limited by regulatory authority	NEG purchased at avoided cost or credited to following month; at end of annual period unused credits shall be granted to low- income assistance programs, credited to customer, or "dedicated to other use" as determined by regulatory authority	1999	H.B. 3219 (effective 9/1/99)
Pennsylvania	Renewables <u>only</u> (includes fuel cells)	All customer classes	≤ 10 kW	None	NEG granted to utility at end of month	1998	PA PUC, Miscellaneous Individual Utility Tariffs
Rhode Island	Renewables & fuel cells	All customer classes	≤ 25 kW	1 MW for Narragansett Electric	NEG credited to following month; unused credit is granted to utility at end of annual period	1998	RI PUC, Order, Docket No. 2710
Texas	Renewables only	All customer classes	≤ 50 kW	None	NEG purchased at avoided cost	1986	PUC of Texas, Substantive Rules, § 23.66(f)(4)
Vermont	Solar, wind, fuel cells using renewable fuel, anaerobic digestion	Residential, commercial, and agricultural customers	≤ 15 kW, except ≤ 100 kW for anaerobic digesters	1% of 1996 peak	NEG carried over month-to-month; any residual NEG at end of year is granted to the utility	1998	VT Legislature, H. 605
Virginia	Solar, wind and hydro	Residential and commercial customers	≤ 10 kW (residential); ≤ 25 kW (commercial)	0.1% of annual peak demand	Net metering customers are billed annually; excess generation is granted to the utility	1999	S.B. 1269 (effective by 7/1/2000)
Washington	Solar, wind and hydropower	All customer classes	≤ 25 kW	0.1% of 1996 peak	NEG credited to following month; unused credit is granted to utility at end of annual period	1998	WA Legislature, House Bill 2773
Wisconsin	All Resource	All retail customers	≤ 20 kW	None	NEG purchased at retail rate for renewables, avoided cost for non-renewables	1993	WI PSC, Schedule PG-4

[&]quot;Net excess generation occurs only when total generation exceeds total consumption over the entire billing period, i.e. the customer has more than offset his/her total electricity use and has a negative meter reading.

SUMMARY OF STATE "NET METERING" PROGRAMS (PROPOSED)

State	Eligible Fuel Types	Eligible Customers	Limit on System Size	Limit on Overall Enrollment	Treatment of Net Excess Generation (NEG)(1)	Enacted	Citation / Reference
District of Columbia	Renewables, cogeneration, fuel	Residential or	≤ 100 kW	None	Customer-generator "may receive compensation based on the	Pending	Authorized by District of Columbia Enrolled Bill
(authorized)	cells, microturbines	commercial			net metering rules established by the Commission."		13-284; requires further Commission action
Georgia	Solar, wind, hydro, biomass, fuel	All customer classes	≤ 100 kW	None	Net metering customers are billed annually; excess generation	Pending	Senate Bill 433
(pending)	cells				is granted to the utility		
Illinois	Solar or wind	All customer classes	≤ 40 kW	None	NEG credited to following month; unused credit is purchased	Pending	House Bill 2615, Senate Bill 0534
(pending)					at avoided cost		(companion bills)
North Carolina	Solar, wind, hydro, and biomass	All customer classes	≤ 10 kW (residential);	1.0% of annual peak demand	NEG credited to following month; unused credit is eliminated	Pending	NC Utilities Commission, Docket No. E-100,
(pending)			≤ 100 kW (non-residential)		at end of annual billing period (residential customers only)		Sub 83 (November 18, 1998)
South Dakota	Solar, wind, geothermal, biomass,	All customer classes	≤ 100 kW (as amended)	None	NEG credited to following month; unused credit is purchased	Pending	House Bill 1232
(tabled)	hydro		(,		at avoided cost		
Washington	ADDS fuel cells			Reserves "no less than" 50% of		Pending	House Bill 2334 (AMENDING existing law)
(amendment)				cap for renewables		J	, ,

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